UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 10-K

		rokwi 10-k	
	ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECT For the	fiscal year ended December 31, 2020	RITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
_		OR	
Ш	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO S	* *	
		sition period from to	
	Cor	mmission File Number 001-08499	
		TAL PROPERTIES, INC	
	(Exact nam	e of registrant as specified in its char	ter)
	Rhode Island (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)		05-0386287 (IRS Employer identification No.)
	5 Steeple Street, Unit 303 Providence, Rhode Island (Address of principal executive offices)		02903 (Zip Code)
	•	one number, including area code: (40	
	Securities regi	stered pursuant to Section 12 (g) of th	ne Act:
	<u>Title of each class</u>	<u>Trading Symbol(s)</u>	Name of each exchange on which registered
(Class A Common Stock, \$.01 par value	СРТР	OTCQX
Indic	ate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known	own seasoned issuer, as defined in I	Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes \square No
Indic	ate by check mark if the registrant is not require	d to file reports pursuant to Section	13 or 15(d) of the Act. Yes \square No \boxtimes
of 19	ate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has 34 during the preceding 12 months (or for such subject to such filing requirements for the past 9	shorter period that the registrant was	
pursi	rate by check mark whether the registrant has subtant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of trant was required to submit such files.) Yes	this chapter) during the preceding	
repor	rate by check mark whether the registrant is a lar- rating company, or an emerging growth company. rating company" and "emerging growth company"	See the definitions of the "large acc	celerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller
	rge Accelerated Filer		Emerging Growth Company
If an comp	emerging growth company, indicate by check olying with any new or revised financial account	mark if the registrant has elected ing standards provided pursuant to s	not to use the extended transition period for ection 13(a) of the Exchange Act. \Box
of its	ate by check mark whether the registrant has fil internal control over financial reporting under a accounting firm that prepared or issued it audit	Section 404 (b) of the Sarbanes-Ox	
Indic	ate by check mark whether the registrant is a she	ell company (as defined in Rule 12b-	-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes □ No 🗵
whic com	f June 30, 2020, the aggregate market value of the excludes voting stock held by directors, execute mon stock (without conceding that such persons apany has no outstanding non-voting common equal to the control of th	ive officers and holders of 5% or mare "affiliates" of the Company for p	ore of the voting power of the Company's
As o	f March 2, 2021, the Company had 6,599,912 sha	ares of Class A Common Stock outs	standing.
	DOCUMENT	S INCORPORATED BY REFER	ENCE

Portions of the Company's Proxy Statement for the 2021 Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be held on April 28, 2021, are incorporated by reference into Part III of this Form 10-K.

CAPITAL PROPERTIES, INC. FORM 10-K FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Page
	PART I	
Item 1.	Business	3
Item 2.	Properties	6
Item 3.	Legal Proceedings	6
Item 4.	Mine Safety Disclosure	6
	PART II	
Item 5.	Markets for Registrant's Common Equity and Related Shareholder Matters	7
Item 7.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	8
Item 8.	Financial Statements and Supplementary Data	10
Item 9.	Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosures	23
Item 9A.	Controls and Procedures	23
	PART III	
Item 10.	Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance	24
Item 11.	Executive Compensation	24
Item 12.	Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters	24
Item 13.	Certain Relationships and Related Transactions and Director Independence	24
Item 14.	Principal Accountant Fees and Services	24
	D. DEW.	
	PART IV	
T. 15		25
Item 15.	Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules	25
E 1 1 1 20	Signatures Paris Device Paris D	26
Exhibit 20.	Map of the Company's Parcels in Downtown Providence, Rhode Island	27
Exhibit 21.	Subsidiary of Company Cartification Property of Section 202 of the Se	28
	Certifications Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2020	29
Exhibits 32.	Certifications Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-	31
	Oxley Act of 2020	31

PART I

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain portions of this report, and particularly the Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Sections 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Sections 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, which represent the Company's expectations or beliefs concerning future events. The Company cautions that these statements are further qualified by important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements, including, without limitation, the following: the ability of the Company to generate adequate amounts of cash; the collectability of the excess of straight-line over contractual rent when due over the terms of the long-term leases; the commencement of additional long-term land leases; changes in economic conditions that may affect either the current or future development on the Company's parcels; the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the economy, parking operations and the Company's financial performance and exposure to remediation costs associated with its former ownership of a petroleum storage facility. The Company does not undertake the obligation to update forward-looking statements in response to new information, future events or otherwise.

Item 1. Business

Organizational History

The Company was organized as a business corporation under the laws of Rhode Island in 1983 as Providence and Worcester Company and is the successor by merger in 1983 to a corporation also named Providence and Worcester Company which was organized under the laws of Delaware in 1979. In 1984, the Company's name was changed to Capital Properties, Inc.

Business:

The Company's principal business is the leasing of Company-owned land in Capital Center ("Capital Center") and property adjacent to the Capital Center (Parcel 20) in downtown Providence, Rhode Island under long-term ground leases with terms of 99 years or more. (Hereinafter, the land in Capital Center and Parcel 20 are referred to as parcels within the "Capital Center Area"). The Company owns approximately 18 acres in Capital Center consisting of 13 individual parcels. The Capital Center (approximately 77 acres of land) is the result of a development project undertaken by the State of Rhode Island, the City of Providence, the National Railroad Passenger Corporation ("Amtrak") and the Company during the 1980's in which two rivers, the Moshassuck and the Woonasquatucket, were moved, Amtrak's Northeast Corridor rail line was relocated, a new Amtrak/commuter railroad station was constructed and significant public improvements were made to improve pedestrian and vehicular traffic in the area.

Generally speaking, a ground lease is a lease by the owner of the land (in this case, the Company) to the owners/operators of the real estate improvements built thereon ("Ground Leases"). The Company has not acted, and does not intend to act, as a developer with respect to any Company-owned parcels.

Under our standard Ground Leases, the tenant is responsible for all property related operating expenses, such as real estate taxes, maintenance and insurance as well as all costs associated with the development and construction of the related improvements. Each lease contains provisions permitting the tenant to develop the parcel under certain terms and conditions and provide for periodic rent increases based on either a specific percentage, consumer price index ("CPI"), appraisal or combination thereof and sometimes includes percentage rent participation (contingent rent). The Ground Leases also provide that the tenants are responsible for insuring the Company against various hazards and events as well as indemnifying the Company with respect to all of the tenant's activities on the land. The leases contain other terms and conditions customary to such instruments.

While seeking developers, the Company also leases Parcels 3E, 3W, 4E and 4W in the Capital Center area for public parking purposes to Metropark, Ltd.

Parcel 20

Parcel 20 consists of a parcel of land adjacent to the Capital Center, part of which is undeveloped and part of which contains a three/four-story 20,000 square foot building (the "Steeple Street Building").

On May 14, 2018 the Company and the tenant entered into an Amended and Restated Ground Lease. On December 1, 2018, the tenant took possession of Parcel 20 and the Company conveyed title to the Steeple Street Building to the tenant. In addition to the ground lease rent, for 360 months following December 1, 2018, the tenant is obligated to pay acquisition period rent consisting of monthly payments of \$7,471 for the first thirty-six months and monthly payments thereafter of \$8,488 plus an amount equal to $1/12^{th}$ of the product of (a) 5.5% and (b) the difference between (x) \$2,750,000 and (y) the aggregate of the prior monthly payments of \$8,488. The Amended and Restated Ground Lease is a triple net lease.

The Amended and Restated Ground Lease for Parcel 20, as it relates specifically to the Steeple Street Building and the land underneath the building, is accounted for as a sales-type lease due to the transfer of title to the Steeple Street Building to the tenant. The land directly under the Steeple Street Building was allocated in the determination of the value of the property transferred in accordance with ASC 360-20, *Property, Plant and Equipment - Real Estate Sales*. Since the initial investment by the tenant is insufficient to recognize the transaction as a sale, in accordance with ASC 360-20 the Company will report the acquisition period rent and an allocable portion of the ground rent collected as deferred revenue on its consolidated balance sheet and will continue to include the property transferred in properties and equipment until the transaction can be reported as a sale in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"). The ground lease of the undeveloped land on Parcel 20 is accounted for as an operating lease, consistent with the Company's other long-term ground leases.

All of the properties described above are shown on a map contained in Exhibit 20.

Billboard Lease

The Company, through its wholly-owned subsidiary Tri-State Displays, Inc. leases 23 outdoor advertising locations containing 44 billboard faces along interstate and primary highways in Rhode Island and Massachusetts to Lamar Outdoor Advertising, LLC ("Lamar") under a lease which expires in 2049 (the "Lamar Lease"). All but one of these locations are controlled by the Company through permanent easements granted to the Company pursuant to an agreement between the Company and Providence & Worcester Railroad Company ("Railroad"); the remaining location is leased by the Company from a third party with a remaining term of two years.

Lamar has a right of first refusal for additional billboard location sites acquired by the Company in New England and Metropolitan New York City.

The Lamar lease provides, among other things for annual base rent increases of 2.75% in June for each leased billboard location and participation in the revenue generated by each billboard, as defined in the agreement. The Lamar lease contains other terms and conditions customary to such instruments.

Parcels in Capital Center Area

			1 6	ii ceis iii c	apital Cente	1 Alta					
Parcel Number	Type of Building (s)	Building Gross Square Feet	Number of Residential Units	Term of Lease (Years)	Termination	Options to Extend Lease	An Con	urrent nnual tractual Rent	Next Periodic Rent Adjustment	Ac T	nnual Rent After Next ljustment or ype of Next Adjustment
2	17-story & 19- story Residential and	307,000	193	103	2108	Two 75- Year	\$ 5	503,000	2023		COLA
	13-story Office	325,000									
3S	13-story Office	235,000		99	2087	None	\$ 6	518,000	2024	\$	788,000
5	8-story Residential	454,000	225	149	2142	None	\$ 5	540,000 *	2033		Appraisal
6A	4-6 story Residential	120,000	96	99	2107	Two 50- Year	\$ 3	367,000	2024	\$	404,000
6B	2-6 story Residential	248,000	169	99	2107	Two 50- Year	\$ 2	214,000	2024	\$	235,000
7A	Underground Public Parking Garage		330 parking spaces	99	2104	Two 75- Year	\$ 1	164,000	2022		COLA
8	4-story Office	114,000		99	2090	None	\$ 2	290,000 *	2025		COLA
9	10-Story Office	210,000		149	2153	None	\$ 3	378,000	2021	\$	397,000
20	3-11 story Planned Office/Residential			99	2117	Five 10- Year	\$	66,600	2021	\$	133,000
	& 3-4 story Historic Office	20,000									
				D ;1111	oard Lease						
NA	Billboard			39	2049	**	\$ 9	966,000 ***	2021	\$	993,000
1 11 1	Dinooma			37	2017		Ψ		2021	Ψ	775,000

COLA Cost-of-living adjustment

^{*} Lease provides for rent participation (contingent rent) equal to 1% of Gross Revenue.

^{**} Lease term is extended for four (4) years if an electronic billboard is constructed on a leased location.

^{***} Lease provides for rent participation equal to 30% of Revenue, as defined in the agreement for each standard billboard and 20% of Revenue for each electronic billboard.

Major tenants:

The following table sets forth those major tenants whose revenues exceed 10 percent of the Company's leasing revenues for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019:

	2020	2019
Lamar Outdoor Advertising, LLC	\$ 1,105,000	\$ 1,073,000
Avalon Properties, Inc.	620,000	623,000
1701 R.C. Sarasota Invest, LLC	618,000	618,000
Waterplace Condominiums	503,000	503,000
Metropark, LTD	163,000	643,000
	\$ 3,009,000	\$ 3,460,000
1701 R.C. Sarasota Invest, LLC Waterplace Condominiums	618,000 503,000 163,000	618,0 503,0 643,0

Competition

The Company competes for tenants with other owners of undeveloped real property in downtown Providence. The Company maintains no listing of other competitive properties and will not engage in a competitive bid arrangement with proposed developers. The Company's refusal to sell the land that it owns may restrict the number of interested developers.

Employees

As of December 31, 2020, the Company has three employees.

Environmental

Prior to February 2017, the Company operated a petroleum storage facility ("Terminal") through two of its wholly owned subsidiaries. On February 10, 2017, the Terminal was sold to Sprague Operating Resources, LLC ("Sprague") which results in the Terminal's operations being classified as discontinued operations for all periods presented. As part of the Terminal Sale Agreement, the Company agreed to complete the environmental remediation and pay for the costs related to a 1994 storage tank fuel oil leak which allowed the escape of a small amount of fuel oil. In February 2020, the Company filed a revised Remediation Action Work Plan ("RAWP") with Rhode Island Department of Environmental Management ("RIDEM") to incorporate technical details associated with the preferred remedial activities and to update the 2018 RAWP. In 2019 the Company incurred costs of \$293,000 and, as a result of the proposed remediations included in the 2020 RAWP, the accrual was increased by \$846,000 primarily due to design changes necessary to meet the requirements of applicable life safety codes resulting in an environmental remediation liability of \$1,043,000 at December 31, 2019. In 2020, the Company incurred costs of \$553,000 resulting in an environmental remediation liability of \$490,000 at December 31, 2020. Any subsequent increases or decreases to the expected cost of remediation will be recorded in Company's consolidated income statement as income or expense from discontinued operations.

Insurance

The Company maintains what management believes to be adequate levels of insurance.

Item 2. Properties

The Company owns approximately 18 acres in the Capital Center Area in Providence, Rhode Island. With the exception of Parcel 6C, all of the Company's real property is leased either under long-term leases or short-term leases as more particularly described in Item 1, Business. Effective August 29, 2020, the Parcel 6C lease was terminated by the tenant. The Company also owns or controls 23 locations on which 44 billboard faces have been constructed. All but one of these locations are owned by the Company under permanent easements from the Railroad; the remaining location is leased from an unrelated third party with a remaining term of two years.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings - None

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosure - Not applicable

PART II

Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity and Related Stockholder Matters

The Company's Class A Common Stock is traded on the OTCQX, symbol "CPTP." The following table shows the high and low trading prices for the Company's Class A Common Stock during the quarterly periods indicated as obtained from the OTCQX, together with cash dividends paid per share during such periods.

		Trading Prices			Div	vidends
	1	High Low		De	clared	
2020						
1st Quarter	\$	16.50	\$	12.07	\$	0.07
2nd Quarter		15.05		11.20		- *
3rd Quarter		15.00		12.10		0.07
4th Quarter		14.70		12.35		0.07
2019						
1st Quarter	\$	15.43	\$	13.91	\$	0.07
2nd Quarter		16.49		13.50		0.07
3rd Quarter		16.10		13.57		0.07
4th Quarter		16.35		15.00		0.24 **

^{*} Not declared due to uncertainty of potential coronavirus pandemic impact on Company.

At March 2, 2021, there were 334 holders of record of the Company's Class A Common Stock.

^{**} Includes Special Dividend of \$0.17 in 2019.

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Our consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with GAAP. The following discussion of our financial condition and results of operations excludes the results of our discontinued operations unless otherwise noted. See Note 7, "Discontinued operations and environmental incident" in the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion of these operations.

1. Overview:

Critical accounting policies:

The Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") has issued guidance for the disclosure of "critical accounting policies." The SEC defines such policies as those that require application of management's most difficult, subjective or complex judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimates about the effect of matters that are inherently uncertain and may change in subsequent periods.

The Company's significant accounting policies are described in Note 2 in the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements. Not all of these significant accounting policies require management to make difficult, subjective or complex judgments or estimates. Management believes that the Company's revenue recognition policy for long-term leases with scheduled rent increases meets the SEC definition of "critical."

The Company's long-term leases (land and billboard) have original terms of 30 to 149 years. The Company follows generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") in accounting for its leases by recognizing rental income on the straight-line basis over the term of the leases. Where the straight-line income exceeds the actual contractual payments ("Excess"), the Company evaluates the collectability of the entire stream of remaining lease payments on a lease-by-lease basis. If the remaining lease payments are not deemed to be probable of collection, in accordance with GAAP, lease revenue is recorded at the lower of straight-line rental income or the contractual amount paid.

The number of years remaining on the Company's leases range from twenty-nine (29) years to one hundred-thirty-three (133) years with total rent yet to be collected (without regard to CPI and appraisal adjustments) under the lease ranging from \$10.4 million to \$364.2 million. Given the length of the remaining lease term and the magnitude of the amount yet to be collected, along with the consideration of other factors, the Company has concluded that the remaining stream of lease payments is not probable of collection and as such, reports lease revenue based on the contractual amount paid.

2. Liquidity and capital resources:

Historically, the Company generates adequate liquidity to fund its operations.

Cash and cash commitments:

At December 31, 2020, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$1,642,000. At December 31, 2020 and 2019, cash equivalents consist of money market accounts totaling \$1,555,000 and \$1,039,000, respectively. The Company and its subsidiary each maintain checking and money market accounts in two financial institutions, all of which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation to a maximum of \$250,000. The Company periodically evaluates the financial stability of the financial institutions at which the Company's funds are held.

Under the terms of each applicable long-term land lease, the contractual rent adjustments for the last two year were:

Parcel	Monthly	Effective Date	Type of
Number	Increase	of Increase	Adjustment
Parcels 6A, 6B and 6C	\$6,100	July 2019	10%
Parcel 3S	\$0	October 2019	2019 Appraisal resulted in no rent increase
Parcel 20	\$2,800	June 1, 2020	Base ground rent increase

On July 30, 2020, the Company received notice that the tenant of Parcel 6C exercised its right to terminate the ground lease effective August 29, 2020. On the termination date, the annual rent on Parcel 6C was \$220,000 and the annual real estate taxes paid by the tenant were \$311,000. Upon termination, the real estate taxes became an obligation of the Company effective with the taxes assessed as on December 31, 2020. The Company believes that the assessed value of Parcel 6C as contained in a tax treaty between the City of Providence ("City") and the tenant is much greater than similar parcels in the Capital Center area. The Company is not a party to the tax treaty. Accordingly, the Company has commenced negotiations with the City for a lower assessment.

Through March 10, 2021 all tenants have paid their monthly rent in accordance with their lease agreements except for Metropark, the tenant that operates public parking on the Company's undeveloped parcels other than Parcel 6C. The coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic and Rhode Island's stay-at-home order has had a significant adverse impact on Metropark. The Company does not know when or if Metropark's operations will return to normal. Metropark has not fully paid the rent for April 2020 through March 2021. The total rent arrearage as of December 31, 2020 is \$340,000 and has been fully reserved by the Company. On July 31, 2020, Metropark and the Company entered into an agreement for revenue sharing at various percentages until parking revenues received by Metropark equal or exceed \$70,000 per month whereupon Metropark would be obligated to resume regularly scheduled rental payments under its lease. Upon resumption of regularly scheduled rent payments, Metropark and the Company will share fifty (50) percent of the revenue in excess of \$70,000 until the arrearage has been paid in full. If prior to payment in full of the arrearage one or more of the lots is removed from the Metropark lease for development, the amount of the then unpaid arrearage in the ratio of the number of parking spaces on the removed lot to the total parking spaces on all lots prior to such lot's removal shall be deemed paid in full. Pending this recovery, the Company will continue to recognize Metropark's rent on a cash basis.

The Company expects that revenue from Metropark will continue to be recognized on a cash basis all of 2021 and that the 2021 contingent rent from Lamar may be significantly less than the \$139,000 received in 2020.

In February 2019, the Company received the final escrow disbursement (\$862,000) from the sale of the Terminal.

The Terminal Sale Agreement and related documentation provides that the Company is required to secure an approved remediation plan and to remediate contamination caused by a leak in 1994 from a storage tank at the Terminal. At December 31, 2020, the Company's accrual for the remaining cost of remediation was \$490,000 of which \$95,000 is expected to be incurred in 2021. On March 9, 2021, the Company commenced operation of the remediation system. The Terminal Sale Agreement also contained a cost sharing provision for a breasting dolphin whereby any costs incurred in connection with the construction of the breasting dolphin in excess of the initial estimate of \$1,040,000 would be borne equally by Sprague and the Company subject to certain limitations, including, in the Company's opinion, a 20% cap on the increase from the initial estimate subject to the sharing arrangement. In November 2019, the Company received a demand letter from Sprague asserting that they were owed \$427,000, which amount represents 50% of the actual costs incurred (\$1,894,008) in excess of \$1,040,000. The Company asserts that its obligation cannot exceed \$104,000. See Note 7, "Discontinued operations and environmental incident" in the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements. The Company and Sprague have agreed to engage in mediation with respect to Sprague's claim. The mediation is currently scheduled for late April 2021.

In 2020, the Company declared and paid dividends of \$1,386,000 or \$0.21 per share.

The declaration of future dividends will depend on future earnings and financial performance.

3. Results of operations:

Year Ended December 31, 2020 Compared to Year Ended December 31, 2019:

Continuing operations:

Revenue, leasing from continuing operations decreased \$528,000 from 2019 due principally to a decrease in rent associated with Metropark (\$480,000), the termination of the Parcel 6C lease (\$60,000), a decline in contingent rent applicable to long-term leases (\$20,000) offset by an increase in rent (contractual and contingent rent) from Lamar (\$32,000).

Operating expenses increased \$53,000 due principally to: increased property tax expense and legal costs due to the termination of the Parcel 6C lease (\$71,000) offset by a decrease in various other expenses (\$18,000).

General and administrative expense increased \$39,000 due principally to payroll and payroll related costs (\$30,000) as a result of cost-of-living increases and increased medical costs, increased professional fees related to accounting (\$53,000) offset by a decrease in legal fees (\$38,000) and a net decrease in various other expenses (\$6,000).

For the year ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company's effective income tax rate is 27% and 28% of income from continuing operations.

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

CAPITAL PROPERTIES, INC. AND SUSIDIARY

INDEX TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Page
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm – Stowe & Degon, LLC	11
Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2020 and 2019	13
Consolidated Statements of Income and Retained Earnings for the Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019	14
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019	15
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	16



REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Capital Properties, Inc.
Providence, Rhode Island

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Capital Properties, Inc. (the "Company") as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the related consolidated statements of income and retained earnings, and cash flows for each of the years in the two-year period ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements"). In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the years in the two-year period ended December 31, 2020, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ("PCAOB") and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audits, we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Critical Audit Matter

The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current period audit of the financial statements that were communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that: (1) relates to accounts or disclosures that are material to the financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. The communication of a critical audit matter does not alter in any way our opinion on the financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matter below, providing a separate opinion on the critical audit matter or on the accounts or disclosures to which it relates.

Revenue recognition - Refer to Note 2 to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Critical Audit Matter Description

The Company derives revenue from long-term leases with original terms ranging from 39 to 149 years. Effective January 1, 2019 the Company adopted ASC 842, Leases, and elected the "package of practical expedients" which permits the Company not to reassess under the new standard prior conclusions about lease identification, lease classification, and initial indirect costs and determined that all pre-existing leases were properly accounted for as operating. The long-term leases contain periodic rent increases based on either a specific percentage, market appraisals, changes in the consumer price index or combination thereof. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, lease income should be recognized on a straight-line basis. Where straight-line income exceeds the actual contractual payments (the "Excess"), the Excess should only be recognized to the extent it is collectable. In accordance with ASC 842, if collectability of the lease payments is not probable, lease income shall be limited to the lesser of the income that would be recognized in accordance with ASC 842 (straight-line basis) or the actual lease payment, including variable payments that have been collected from the lessee. The Company evaluates the entire stream of remaining lease payments on a lease-by-lease basis. Analysis of collectability from the lessee (tenant) is subjective and complex and is dependent on many factors including historical experience and the creditworthiness of the tenant. The creditworthiness of the tenant can, and often is, significantly influenced by major factors including the creditworthiness of multiple sub-tenants. The inability to access reliable credit information on all parties impacting the probability of collection creates a collectability constraint. Management updates its collectability analysis of long-term leases annually and has determined that collection of the entire remaining stream of remaining lease payments is not probable. Accordingly lease revenue, including variable payments, is recorded when received from the lessee.

How the Critical Audit Matter Was Addressed in the Audit

Our audit procedures related to the recognition of long-term lease revenue on a straight-line basis included the following, among others:

- We tested the effectiveness of controls over lease revenue recognition, including management's analysis of and conclusions regarding collection probability.
- We evaluated the application of the Company's accounting policies in the context of the applicable accounting standards (ASC 842) as adopted January 1, 2019.
- We evaluated the appropriateness and consistency of the methods and assumptions used by management to determine and support its collection probability conclusion.
- We considered changes in lease terms, including tenant payment patterns or other information, and determined such information was properly considered by management in its analysis.

Stowe \$ Jegon LLC

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2016.

Westborough, Massachusetts

March 19, 2021

CAPITAL PROPERTIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

6,756,000 1,642,000 149,000 132,000	\$	6,849,000 1,262,000
1,642,000 149,000	\$	
1,642,000 149,000	\$	
1,642,000 149,000	\$	
149,000		1,262,000
- ,		
132,000		206,000
		282,000
8,679,000	\$	8,599,000
	\$	157,000
563,000		504,000
234,000		310,000
490,000		1,043,000
1,497,000		2,014,000
66 000		66,000
,		782,000
		5,737,000
		6,585,000
.,= 32,000		
8,679,000	\$	8,599,000
	210,000 563,000 234,000 490,000	210,000 \$ 563,000 234,000 490,000 1,497,000 66,000 782,000 6,334,000 7,182,000

See accompanying notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

CAPITAL PROPERTIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS

	December 31,				
	2020		2019		
Revenue and other income:					
Revenue, leasing	\$ 4,585,000	\$	5,113,000		
Other income, interest	 8,000		56,000		
	 4,593,000		5,169,000		
Expenses:					
Operating	567,000		514,000		
General and administrative	 1,309,000		1,270,000		
	 1,876,000		1,784,000		
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	 2,717,000		3,385,000		
Income tax expense (benefit):					
Current	810,000		979,000		
Deferred	 (76,000)		(28,000)		
	 734,000		951,000		
Income from continuing operations	 1,983,000		2,434,000		
Gain on sale of discontinued operations, net of taxes (Note 7)	 <u>-</u>		48,000		
Net income	1,983,000		2,482,000		
Retained earnings, beginning	5,737,000		6,225,000		
Dividends on common stock based upon 6,599,912 shares outstanding	 (1,386,000)		(2,970,000)		
Retained earnings, ending	\$ 6,334,000	\$	5,737,000		
Basic income per common share based upon 6,599,912 shares outstanding:					
Continuing operations	\$ 0.30	\$	0.37		
Discontinued operations	-		0.01		
Total basic income per common share	\$ 0.30	\$	0.38		
-					

See accompanying notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

CAPITAL PROPERTIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

		December 31,				
		2020		2019		
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Continuing operations:						
Income from continuing operations	\$	1,983,000	\$	2,434,000		
Adjustments to reconcile income from continuing operations to net cash provided by operating activities, continuing operations:						
Depreciation		93,000		102,000		
Deferred income taxes		(76,000)		(28,000)		
Changes in assets and liabilities:						
Prepaid and other		57,000		91,000		
Property taxes and other		10,000		(62,000)		
Net cash provided by operating activities, continuing operations		2,067,000		2,537,000		
Cash flows from investing activities, continuing operations, proceeds from						
Deferred revenue, Parcel 20		102,000		97,000		
Discontinued operations:						
Proceeds from sale of assets		-		862,000		
Cash used to settle obligations		(553,000)		(261,000)		
Noncash adjustment to gain on sale of discontinued operations		150,000		(150,000)		
		(403,000)		451,000		
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(301,000)		548,000		
Cash flows from financing activities, payment of dividends		(1,386,000)		(2,970,000)		
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		380,000		115,000		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning		1,262,000		1,147,000		
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$	1,642,000	\$	1,262,000		
Supplemental disclosures:						
Cash paid for:						
Income taxes:						
Continuing operations	\$	696,000	\$	867,000		
Discontinued operations, sale of assets	_	-		118,000		
	\$	696,000	\$	985,000		

CAPITAL PROPERTIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

1. Description of business:

The operations of Capital Properties, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Tri-State Displays, Inc. (collectively "the Company") consist of the long-term leasing of certain of its real estate interests in the Capital Center area in downtown Providence, Rhode Island (upon the commencement of which the tenants have been required to construct buildings thereon, with the exception of the parking garage and Parcel 20) and the leasing of locations along interstate and primary highways in Rhode Island and Massachusetts to Lamar Outdoor Advertising, LLC ("Lamar") which has constructed outdoor advertising boards thereon. The Company anticipates that the future development of its remaining properties in the Capital Center area will consist primarily of long-term ground leases. Pending this development, the Company leases these undeveloped parcels (other than Parcel 6C) for public parking to Metropark, Ltd.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies:

Principles of consolidation:

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts and transactions of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Use of estimates:

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of income and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fair value of financial instruments:

The Company believes that the fair values of its financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents and payables, approximate their respective book values because of their short-term nature. The fair values described herein were determined using significant other observable inputs (Level 2) as defined by GAAP.

Properties and equipment:

Properties and equipment are stated at cost. Acquisitions and additions are capitalized while routine maintenance and repairs, which do not improve the asset or extend its life, are charged to expense when incurred. Depreciation is being provided by the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets.

The Company reviews properties and equipment for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the net book value of the asset may not be recoverable. An impairment loss will be recognized if the sum of the expected future cash flows (undiscounted and before interest) from the use of the asset is less than the net book value of the asset. Generally, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the net book value and the estimated fair value of the asset.

Cash and cash equivalents:

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents include money market accounts totaling \$1,555,000 and \$1,039,000, at December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The Company and its subsidiary each maintain a checking and money market account in two banks, all of which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation to a maximum of \$250,000. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts.

Environmental incidents:

The Company accrues a liability when an environmental incident has occurred and the costs are estimable. The Company does not record a receivable for recoveries from third parties for environmental matters until it has determined that the amount of the collection is reasonably assured. The accrued liability is relieved when the Company pays the liability or a third party assumes the liability. Upon determination that collection is reasonably assured or a third party assumes the liability, the Company records the amount as a reduction of expense.

Revenues:

The Company's properties leased to others are under operating leases. The Company reports leasing revenue when earned under the operating method.

Certain of the Company's long-term leases (land and billboard) provide for presently known scheduled rent increases over the remaining terms (29 to 134 years). The Company follows GAAP in accounting for leases by recognizing leasing revenue on the straight-line basis over the terms of the leases; however, the Company does not report as revenue that portion of such straight-line rentals which management is unable to conclude is realizable (collectible) due to the magnitude of the remaining lease payments to be collected, the length of the lease terms and other related uncertainties.

The Company reports contingent revenue in the period in which the factors occur on which the contingent payments are predicated.

Income taxes:

The Company and its subsidiary file consolidated income tax returns.

The Company provides for income taxes based on income reported for financial reporting purposes.

Based on its evaluation, the Company has concluded that there are no significant uncertain tax positions requiring recognition in the consolidated financial statements. The Company will report any tax-related interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions as a component of income tax expense. The Company's federal and state income tax returns are generally open for examination for the past three years.

Legal fees:

The Company recognizes legal fees as incurred.

Basic earnings per common share:

Basic earnings per common share are computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period.

Recently adopted accounting pronouncements:

In August 2018, the FASB issued Accounting Standard Update No. 2018-13, *Changes to Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurements (Topic 820)* (ASU 2018-13), which improved the effectiveness of disclosure requirements for recurring and nonrecurring fair value measurements. The standard removes, modifies, and adds certain disclosure requirements. The Company adopted the new standard effective January 1, 2020, and the provision of ASU 2018-13 did not have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

Recently issued accounting pronouncements

In June 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standard Update No. 2016-13, *Financial Instruments-Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments* (ASU 2016-13), which requires the measurement and recognition of expected credit losses for financial assets held at amortized cost. ASU 2016-13 replaces the existing incurred loss impairment model with a forward-looking expected credit loss model which will result in earlier recognition of credit losses. The Company will adopt the new standard effective January 1, 2023. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the new guidance on our consolidated financial statements.

In December 2019, the FASB issued Accounting Standard Update No. 2019-12, *Income Taxes (Topic 740): Simplifying the Accounting for Income Taxes* (ASU 2019-12), which simplifies the accounting for income taxes. This guidance will be effective for the Company in the first quarter of 2021 on a prospective basis, and early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the new guidance on our consolidated financial statements.

3. Properties and equipment:

Properties and equipment consist of the following:

	Estimated Useful	Decem	ber 31,
	Life in Years	2020	2019
Land and land improvements on lease or held for			
lease		\$ 4,010,000	\$ 4,010,000
Steeple Street property under contract (Note 5)	30	3,011,000	3,011,000
Office equipment	5-10	67,000	67,000
		7,088,000	7,088,000
Less accumulated depreciation:			
Land improvements on lease or held for lease		93,000	87,000
Steeple Street property under contract (Note 5)		172,000	86,000
Office equipment		67,000	66,000
		332,000	239,000
		\$ 6,756,000	\$ 6,849,000

4. Liabilities, other:

Liabilities, other consist of the following:

	December 31,				
		2020		2019	
Deferred revenue, Parcel 20	\$	199,000	\$	97,000	
Accrued professional fees		152,000		149,000	
Deposits and prepaid rent		121,000		119,000	
Accrued payroll and related costs		75,000		111,000	
Other		16,000		28,000	
	\$	563,000	\$	504,000	

5. Description of leasing arrangements:

Long-term land leases:

Through December 31, 2020, excluding Parcel 6C, the Company had entered into nine long-term land leases. On July 30, 2020 the tenant of Parcel 6C exercised its right to terminate its lease effective August 29, 2020. As of December 31, 2020, eight of the nine parcels under lease have completed construction of improvements thereon. The leases generally have a term of 99 years or more, are triple net, and provide for periodic adjustment in rent of various types depending on the particular lease, and otherwise contain terms and conditions normal for such instruments.

On May 14, 2018, the Company and the tenant of Parcel 20 entered into an Amended and Restated Ground Lease ("Lease"). On December 31, 2018, the tenant took possession and the Company conveyed title to the existing building. In addition to the ground lease rent, for 360 months following December 1, 2018, the tenant is obligated to pay acquisition period rent as defined in the Lease.

The Lease, as it relates specifically to the Parcel 20 Steeple Street Building ("Building"), was accounted for as a sales-type lease due to the transfer of the Building to the tenant. The land directly under the Building was allocated in the determination of the value of the property transferred in accordance with ASC 360-20, *Property, Plant and Equipment - Real Estate Sales*. Since the initial investment by the tenant is and continues to be insufficient to recognize the transaction as a sale, in accordance with ASC 360-20, the Company will report the acquisition period rent and an allocable portion of the ground rent collected as deferred revenue on its consolidated balance sheet and will continue to include the property transferred in properties and equipment. When the Company determines that the tenant's investment is sufficient or payments can be reasonably assured, the sale will be recognized in accordance with GAAP. The long-term ground lease of the land on Parcel 20 (exclusive of the Building) is accounted for as an operating lease, consistent with the Company's other long-term ground leases.

Minimum future contractual rental payments to be received from the sales-type lease on Parcel 20 as of December 31, 2020 are:

Year ending December 31,	
2021	\$ 128,000
2022	281,000
2023	275,000
2024	270,000
2025	264,000
2026 - 2153	4,610,000
	\$ 5,828,000

Under the nine land leases, the tenants may negotiate tax stabilization treaties or other arrangements, appeal any changes in real property assessments, and pay real property taxes assessed on land and improvements under these arrangements. Accordingly, real property taxes payable by the tenants are excluded from leasing revenues and leasing expenses on the accompanying consolidated statements of income and retained earnings. For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the real property taxes attributable to the Company's land under leases were \$1,261,000 and \$1,302,000, respectively.

Under two of the long-term land leases, the Company receives contingent rentals (based on a fixed percentage of gross revenue received by the tenants) which totaled \$99,000 and \$119,000 for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

With respect to Parcel 6C lease, on the termination date the annual rent was \$220,000 and annual real estate taxes paid by the tenant equaled \$311,000. The Company believes that the assessed value of Parcel 6C as agreed to by the City of Providence ("City") and the former tenant of Parcel 6C is much greater than similar parcels in the Capital Center area and accordingly, the Company has commenced negotiations with the City to reduce the assessment.

Lamar lease:

Tri-State Display's, Inc., leases 23 outdoor advertising locations containing 44 billboard faces along interstate and primary highways in Rhode Island and Massachusetts to Lamar under a lease which expires in 2049. The Lamar lease provides, among other things, for the following: (1) the base rent will increase annually at the rate of 2.75% for each leased billboard location on June 1 of each year, and (2) in addition to base rent, for each 12-month period commencing each June 1, Lamar must pay to the Company within thirty days after the close of the lease year 30% of the gross revenues from each standard billboard and 20% of the gross revenues from each electronic billboard for such 12-month period, reduced by the sum of (a) commissions paid to third parties and (b) base monthly rent for each leased billboard display for each 12-month period. For the lease years ended May 31, 2020 and 2019, the percentage rent totaled \$139,000 and \$133,000, respectively, which amounts are included in operating revenues on the accompanying consolidated statements of income and retained earnings for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019.

Parking lease:

The Company leases the undeveloped parcels of land in or adjacent to the Capital Center area (other than Parcel 6C) for public parking purposes to Metropark under a ten-year lease. The lease is cancellable as to all or any portion of the leased premises at any time on thirty day's written notice in order for the Company or any new tenant of the Company to develop all or any portion of the leased premises. The parking lease provides for contingent rent based on a fixed percentage of gross revenue in excess of the base rent as defined in the agreement. For the year ended December 31, 2020, revenue includes a \$34,000 reduction due to the revision of the estimate of 2019's contingent rent. Contingent rent was \$119,000 for the years ended December 31, 2019.

The COVID-19 pandemic and stay-at-home orders have had a significant adverse impact on Metropark's parking operations. On July 31, 2020, Metropark and the Company entered into an agreement for revenue sharing at various percentages until parking revenues received by Metropark equal or exceed \$70,000 per month whereupon Metropark would be obligated to resume regularly scheduled rental payments under its lease. Upon resumption of regularly scheduled rent payments, Metropark and the Company will share fifty (50) percent of the revenue in excess of \$70,000 until the arrearage has been paid in full. If prior to payment in full of the arrearage one or more of the lots is removed from the Metropark lease for development, the amount of the then unpaid arrearage in the ratio of the number of parking spaces on the removed lot to the total parking spaces on all lots prior to such lot's removal shall be deemed paid in full.

At December 31, 2020 the receivable from Metropark equaled \$340,000 and was fully reserved. The Company will continue to recognize Metropark's rent on a cash basis.

Minimum future contractual rental payments, inclusive of presently known scheduled rent increases to be received from non-cancellable long-term leases as of December 31, 2020 are:

Year ending December 31,	
2021	\$ 4,167,000
2022	4,222,000
2023	4,250,000
2024	4,350,000
2025	4,537,000
2026 - 2153	800,119,000
	\$821,645,000

Historically, the Company has made financial statement footnote disclosure of the excess of straight-line rentals over contractual payments and its determination of collectability of such excess. Included in the amount of the excess were payments which under ASC 842 are deemed variable payments. As part of its ongoing review of the requirements of ASC 842, the Company has concluded that under ASC 842 variable rental payments should not be included in the straight-line rental amount. To the extent the Company determines that the excess of straight-line rentals over contractual payments is not collectible, such excess is not recognized as revenue. Consistent with prior conclusions, the Company has determined that, at this time, the excess of straight-line rentals over contractual payments is not probable of collection. Accordingly, the Company has not included any part of that amount in revenue. As a matter of information only, as of December 31, 2020 the excess of straight-line rentals (calculated by excluding variable payments) over contractual payments was \$82,938,000.

In the event of tenant default, the Company has the right to reclaim its leased land together with any improvements thereon, subject to the right of any leasehold mortgagee to enter into a new lease with the Company with the same terms and conditions as the lease in default.

The following table sets forth those major tenants whose revenues exceed 10 percent of the Company's revenues for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019:

	2020	2019
Lamar Outdoor Advertising, LLC	\$ 1,105,000	\$ 1,073,000
Avalon Properties, Inc.	620,000	623,000
1701 R.C. Sarasota Invest, LLC	618,000	618,000
Waterplace Condominiums	503,000	503,000
Metropark, LTD	163,000	643,000
	\$ 3,009,000	\$ 3,460,000

6. Income taxes, continuing operations:

For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, income tax expense (benefit) from continuing operations is comprised of the following components:

	 2020	2019
Current:		
Federal	\$ 598,000	\$ 699,000
State	 212,000	280,000
	 810,000	979,000
Deferred:		
Federal	(57,000)	(22,000)
State	 (19,000)	(6,000)
	 (76,000)	(28,000)
	\$ 734,000	\$ 951,000

For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, a reconciliation of the income tax provision from continuing operations as computed by applying the United States income tax rate of 21% to income before income taxes is as follows:

		2020	2019
Computed "expected" tax	\$	570,000	\$ 711,000
Increase in "expected" tax resulting from state income tax,			
net of federal income tax benefit		141,000	207,000
Nondeductible expenses and other		23,000	 33,000
	\$	734,000	\$ 951,000

Deferred income taxes are recorded based upon differences between financial statement and tax basis amounts of assets and liabilities. The tax effects of temporary differences from continuing operations which give rise to deferred tax assets and liabilities were as follows:

	2020	2019
Gross deferred tax liabilities:		
Property having a financial statement basis in excess of		
tax basis	\$ 361,000	\$ 364,000
Accounts receivable	98,000	-
Deferred income - conversion to cash basis of accounting		
for tax purposes	56,000	-
Insurance premiums and accrued leasing revenues	19,000	29,000
	534,000	393,000
Gross deferred tax assets:		
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(91,000)	-
Prepaid rent	(24,000)	(16,000)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(75,000)	(41,000)
Accrued property taxes	(56,000)	-
Deferred income, Parcel 20	(54,000)	(26,000)
	(300,000)	(83,000)
	\$ 234,000	\$ 310,000

7. Discontinued operations and environmental incident:

Prior to February 2017, the Company operated a petroleum storage facility ("Terminal") through two of its wholly owned subsidiaries. On February 10, 2017, the Terminal was sold to Sprague Operating Resources, LLC ("Sprague"). In accordance with ASC 205-20, *Presentation of Financial Statements – Discontinued Operations*, the sale of the Terminal is accounted for as a discontinued operation.

Pursuant to the Terminal Sale Agreement, the Sale Price was reduced by \$1,040,000, the estimated cost of a breasting dolphin to be constructed by Sprague adjacent to the Pier in order that the Pier can berth Panamax sized vessels and \$1,725,000 of the Sale Price was placed in escrow to secure the Company's indemnity obligations under the Sale Agreement. In February 2019 the Company received the final escrow disbursement (\$862,000) from the sale of the Terminal, which amount is included in net gain from sale of discontinued operation on the accompanying consolidated statement of income and retained earnings.

As part of the Terminal Sale Agreement, the Company has agreed to retain and pay for the environmental remediation costs associated with a 1994 storage tank fuel oil leak which allowed the escape of a small amount of fuel oil. In February 2020, the Company filed a revised Remediation Action Work Plan ("RAWP") with the Rhode Island Department of Environmental Management ("RIDEM") to describe the technical details associated with the preferred remedial activities and to update the previously filed RAWP. In 2019, the Company incurred remediation costs of \$293,000 and, as a result of the revised remedial activities included in the 2020 RAWP, the remediation accrual was increased by \$846,000 primarily due to design changes necessary to meet the requirements of applicable life safety codes resulting in an environmental remediation liability of \$1,043,000 at December 31, 2019. In 2020, the Company incurred costs of \$553,000 which reduced the remediation liability to \$490,000 at December 31, 2020. Any subsequent increases or decreases to the expected cost of remediation will be recorded in the Company's consolidated income statement as income or expense from discontinued operations. On March 9, 2021, the Company commenced operation of the remediation system.

The Terminal Sale Agreement also contained a cost sharing provision for the breasting dolphin whereby any cost incurred in connection with the construction of the breasting dolphin in excess of the initial estimate of \$1,040,000 will be borne equally by Sprague and the Company subject to certain limitations, including, in the Company's opinion, a 20% cap on the increase from the initial estimate, subject to a sharing arrangement. In November 2019, the Company received a demand letter from Sprague asserting that they were owed \$427,000, which amount represents 50% of the actual costs incurred (\$1,894,008) in excess of \$1,040,000. The Company asserts that its obligation cannot exceed \$104,000. The Company and Sprague have agreed to engage in mediation with respect to Sprague's claim. The mediation is currently scheduled for late April 2021.

The net gain from sale of discontinued operations as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, was calculated as follows:

	December 31,			31,
	2020			2019
Indemnification escrow proceeds	\$	-	\$	862,000
Environmental remediation expense				846,000
Gain from discontinued operations before income taxes				16,000
Income tax expense (benefit):				
Current		(150,000)		118,000
Deferred		150,000		(150,000)
		_		(32,000)
Gain from discontinued operations, net of taxes	\$	_	\$	48,000

8. Subsequent event:

At its January 27, 2021 regularly scheduled quarterly Board meeting, the Board of Directors voted to declare a quarterly dividend of \$.07 per share for shareholders of record on February 12, 2021, payable February 26, 2021.

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

There were no changes in, or disagreements with, accountants on accounting or financial disclosure as defined by Item 304 of Regulation S-K.

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision of the Company's management, including its principal executive officer and principal financial officer, the Company has evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of its disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon this evaluation, the principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded that, as of such date, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective in making them aware on a timely basis of the material information relating to the Company required to be included in the Company's periodic filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Management's Annual Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act). The Company's internal control over financial reporting is designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of its financial reporting and the preparation of published financial statements in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles.

However, because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with policies may deteriorate.

Management conducted its evaluation of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting based on the framework in "2013 Internal Control-Integrated Framework" issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO") as of December 31, 2020.

Based on this assessment, the principal executive officer and principal financial officer believe that as of December 31, 2020, the Company's internal control over financial reporting was effective based on criteria set forth by COSO in "2013 Internal Control-Integrated Framework."

This annual report does not include an attestation report of the Company's independent registered public accounting firm regarding internal control over financial reporting. Management's report was not subject to attestation by the Company's independent registered public accounting firm pursuant to rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission that permit the Company to provide only management's report in this annual report.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

During the quarter ended December 31, 2020, there has been no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART III

Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

The information concerning directors required by this item, including the Audit Committee and the Audit Committee financial expert, is incorporated by reference to the Sections entitled "Election of Directors," "Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance," "Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management" and "Audit Committee Report" in the Company's Definitive Proxy for the 2021 Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be filed with the SEC.

The following are the executive officers of the Registrant:

		Office Held at Capital	Date of First Election to
Name	Age	Properties, Inc.	Office
Robert H. Eder	88	Chairman/President	1995
Susan R. Johnson	61	Treasurer	2017
Stephen J. Carlotti	78	Secretary	1998

All officers hold their respective offices until their successors are duly elected and qualified. Mr. Carlotti is a partner in the law firm, Hinckley, Allen & Snyder LLP, which firm provides legal services to the Company.

Code of Ethics:

The Company has adopted a Code of Ethics which applies to all directors, officers and employees of the Company and its subsidiary including the Principal Executive Officer and the Treasurer (who is both the principal accounting and financial officer), which meets the requirement of a "code of ethics" as defined in Item 406 of Regulation S-K. The Company will provide a copy of the Code to shareholders pursuant to any request directed to the Treasurer at the Company's principal offices. The Company intends to disclose any amendments to, or waiver of, any provisions of the Code for the Principal Executive Officer or Treasurer, or any person performing similar functions.

The additional information required by this item is incorporated by reference to the Section entitled "Corporate Governance" in the Company's Definitive Proxy Statement for the 2021 Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Item 11. Executive Compensation

The information required by this item is incorporated by reference to the Sections entitled "Compensation of Directors," "Compensation Discussion and Analysis," and "Executive Compensation" in the Company's Definitive Proxy Statement for the 2021 Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

The information required by this item is incorporated by reference to the Section entitled "Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management" in the Company's Definitive Proxy Statement for the 2021 Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions and Director Independence

The information required by this item is incorporated by reference to the Sections entitled "Election of Directors" and "Transactions with Management" in the Company's Definitive Proxy Statement for the 2021 Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services

The information required by this item is incorporated by reference to the Section entitled "Independent Registered Public Accountants" in the Company's Definitive Proxy Statement for the 2021 Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

PART IV

Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules

(a) and (c) The consolidated financial statements are included in Item 8.

(b) Exhibits:

- 2.1 Asset Purchase Agreement, dated January 24, 2017, by and among Capital Properties, Inc., Dunellen, LLC, Capital Terminal Company and Sprague Operating Resources LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the Registrant's report on Form 8-K filed on January 26, 2017)*
- 3.1 Restated Articles of Incorporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the registrant's report on Form 8-K filed on April 24, 2013)
- 3.2 By-laws, as amended, October 25, 2017 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the registrant's report on Form 8-K filed October 25, 2017)
- 10 Material contracts:
 - (a) Lease between Metropark, Ltd. and Company:
 - (i) Dated January 1, 2017 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10 to the registrant's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017)
 - (ii) Letter Agreement dated July 31, 2020 between the Company and Metropark, Ltd. modifying the obligations of Metropark.
- 20 Map of the Company's parcels in Downtown Providence, Rhode Island
- 21 Subsidiary of the Company
- 31.1 Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of Chairman and Principal Executive Officer
- 31.2 Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of Treasurer and Principal Financial Officer
- 32.1 Certification of Chairman and Principal Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.2 Certification of Treasurer and Principal Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- The following financial information from the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 19, 2020, formatted in eXtensible Business Reporting Language:
 - (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2020 and 2019
 - (ii) Consolidated Statements of Income and Retained Earnings for the Years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019
 - (iii) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019
 - (iv) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

^{*} Pursuant to Item 601(b)(2) of Regulation S-K promulgated by the SEC, certain schedules to the Asset Purchase Agreement have been omitted. The registrant hereby agrees to furnish supplementally to the SEC, upon its request, any or all omitted schedules.

SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the Issuer caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

CAPITAL PROPERTIES, INC.

By /s/ Robert H. Eder

Robert H. Eder

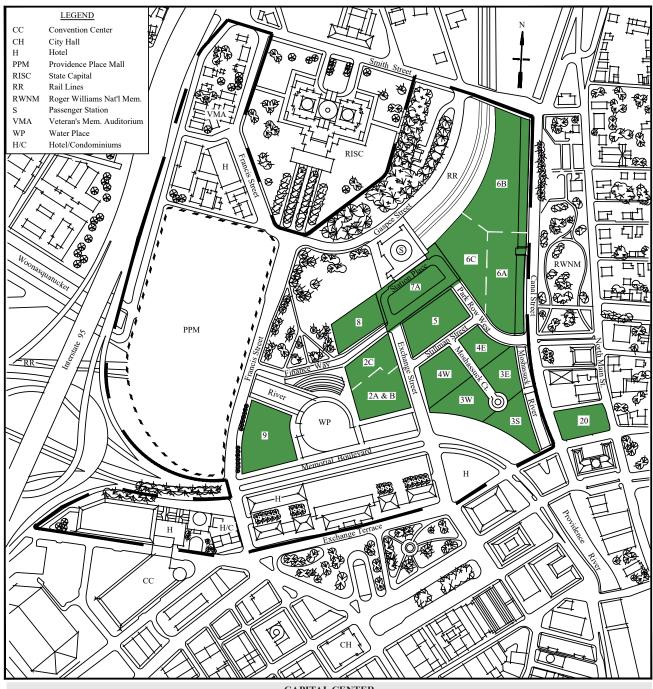
Chairman/President and Principal Executive Officer

DATED: March 19, 2021

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed by the following persons on behalf of the Company and on the dates indicated.

/s/ Robert H. Eder March 19, 2021 Robert H. Eder Chairman/President, Director and Principal Executive Officer /s/ Susan R. Johnson March 19, 2021 Susan R. Johnson Treasurer, Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer /s/ Alfred J. Corso March 19, 2021 Alfred J. Corso Director /s/ Steven G. Triedman March 19, 2021 Steven G. Triedman Director

Exhibit 20 **CAPITAL PROPERTIES, INC. - Parcels in Downtown Providence**



CAPITAL CENTER						
DEVELOPMENT ON PARCEL						
Parcel Number	Parcel Size (Square Feet)	Description	Gross Square Feet			
2 A & B	56,700	17 and 19 Story Residential Building	307,000			
2C	35,300	13 Story Office Building	325,000			
3S	48,000	13 Story Office Building	235,000			
3W	35,000					
3E	24,000					
4W	46,000					
4E	22,000					
5	54,000	8 Story Residential Building	454,000			
6A	87,200	4-6 Story Residential Building	120,000			
6B	124,300	2-6 Story Residential Building	248,000			
6C	64,500					
7A	76,000	330 Car Underground Parking Garage				
8	36,000	4 Story Office Building	114,000			
9	72,000	10 Story Office Building	210,000			
		-				
		OUTSIDE CAPITAL CENTER				
20	26,600	3-4 Story Historic Building	20,000			
		Planned 3-11 Story Residential Building	135,000			
			(03/19/2021)			

Exhibit 21

Capital Properties, Inc. and Subsidiary

Subsidiary of the Company

Subsidiary	State of Incorporation or Formation
Tri-State Displays, Inc.	Rhode Island

Exhibit 31.1

CAPITAL PROPERTIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Robert H. Eder, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Capital Properties, Inc. and Subsidiary;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and we have:
 - (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiary, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that was materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 19, 2021

/s/ Robert H. Eder

Robert H. Eder

Chairman/President and Principal Executive Officer

Exhibit 31.2

CAPITAL PROPERTIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Susan R. Johnson, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Capital Properties, Inc. and Subsidiary;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and we have:
 - (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiary, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that was materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 19, 2021	
s/ Susan R. Johnson	
Susan R. Johnson	
Freasurer and Principal Financial Officer	

Exhibit 32.1

CAPITAL PROPERTIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the Annual Report of Capital Properties, Inc. (the Company) on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the Report), I, Robert H. Eder, Chairman and Principal Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. ss. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Robert H. Eder

Robert H. Eder Chairman/President and Principal Executive Officer March 19, 2021

Exhibit 32.2

CAPITAL PROPERTIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the Annual Report of Capital Properties, Inc. (the Company) on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the Report), I, Susan R. Johnson, Treasurer and Principal Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. ss. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Susan R. Johnson

Susan R. Johnson, Treasurer and Principal Financial Officer March 19, 2021